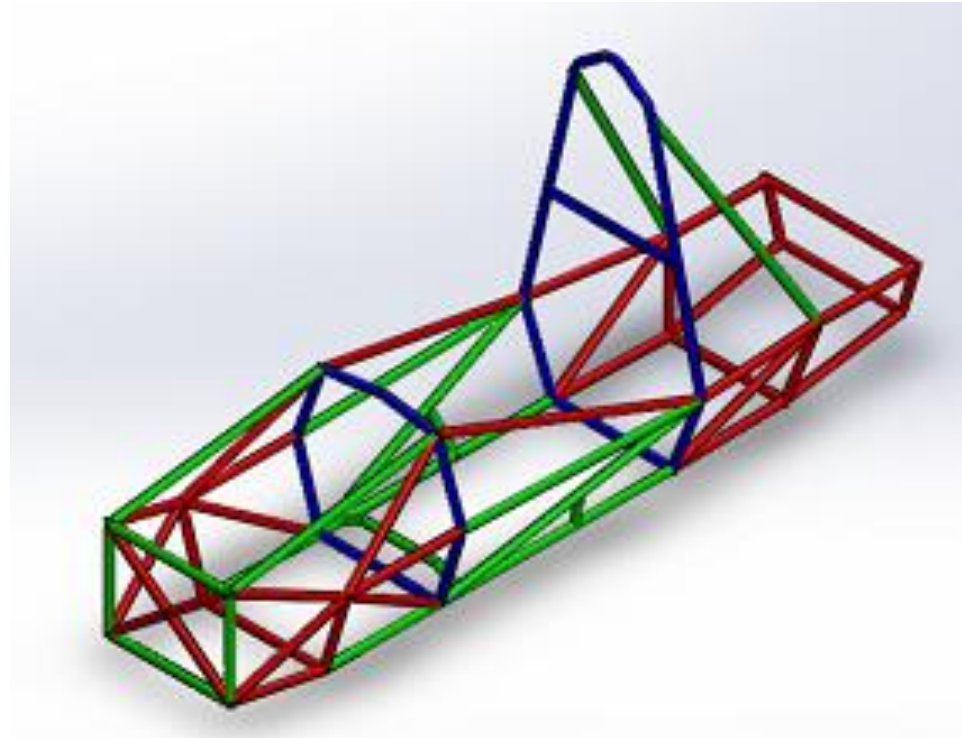


SES Guidance  
(Structural Equivalency Spreadsheet)  
(等価構造計算書)

F.3.1-4 Tube Chassis



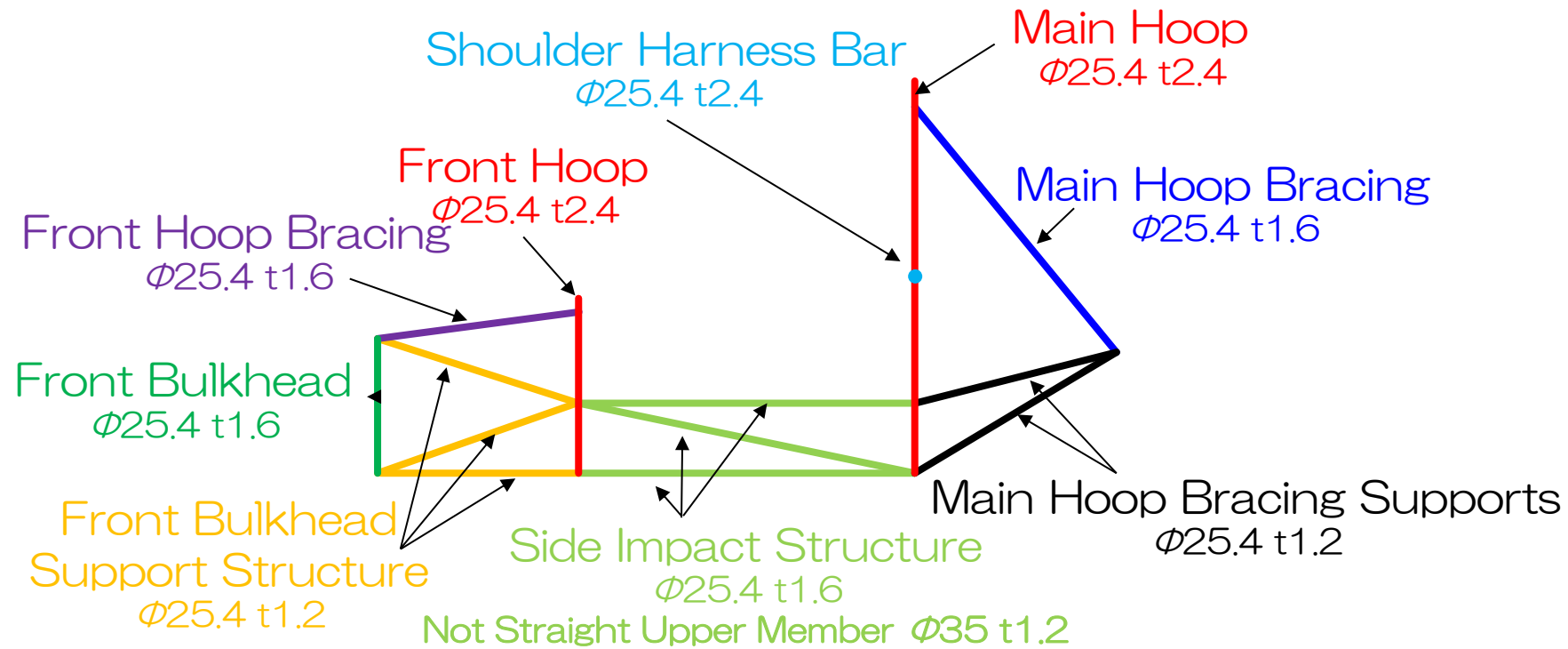
## SES : **S**tructural-**E**quivalency-**S**preadsheet

The document that certifies that the Primary Structure designed by you has the same functionality as the Formula SAE Rules is called SES. / 設計した基本構造が Formula SAEのルールに準拠しているかを証明するための資料をSESと呼称

- Regulation / レギュレーション
  - F.2.1 Structural Equivalency Spreadsheet - SES
  - F.2.1.2 The SES provides the means to:
    - a. Document the Primary Structure and show compliance with the Formula SAE Rules  
SESで基本構造を文書化し、SAE Rulesに準拠していることを示す。
    - b. Determine Equivalence to Formula SAE Rules using an accepted basis  
SAE Rulesとの同等性を証明する。
- The Purpose / 目的
  - To ensure driver safety by meeting the Formula SAE Rules / Formula SAE Rulesを満足することでドライバーの安全を確保すること
  - To detect violations of regulations early and increase the passing rate of vehicle inspections at competitions / 早期にレギュレーション違反を摘出し、大会での車検合格率を上げること

# What is SES?/SESって何？

- Primary Structure / 基本構造



Use SES to check whether the above structure has the same or higher level of safety.  
上記の構造に対して同等以上の安全が確保されているかSESを使って審査



Overall Ready to submit for review? **NO**

F.3.1-4 Tube Chassis	BLANK	<b>BLUE: NO. BLANK ENTRY. INCOMPLETE. CHECK ALL TABS.</b>
F.10-11 EV Accumulator	N/A	This will not change until all required entries are filled out. Check all tabs.
F.8 Front Protection	BLANK	<b>Incomplete submissions will incur a penalty.</b>
F.3.4.3 Welded Inserts	BLANK	<b>RED ORANGE: NO. GROUNDS FOR REJECTION. CHECK ALL TABS.</b>
F.5.12 Bolted Members	BLANK	The SES will permanently REJECT for removing any tab. Fill out a fresh copy. Locate all violations and bring the design into compliance before submitting. <b>Grounds for rejection could be considered incomplete and incur a penalty.</b>
<b>BLANK</b>		<b>SKY: YES. RULES EQUIVALENCE.</b> Document is ready for review. Double check triangulation. Sheet protection must still be active when submitted, or the SES will be rejected.
		<b>YELLOW: YES. CHECK ADDITIONAL EQUIVALENCIES.</b> Some entries require additional tubes or documentation. Once these are added, document is ready for review.

mm

Units



Overall Ready to submit for review? **YES**

F.3.1-4 Tube Chassis	EQ	<b>BLUE: NO. BLANK ENTRY. INCOMPLETE. CHECK ALL TABS.</b>
F.10-11 EV Accumulator	N/A	This will not change until all required entries are filled out. Check all tabs.
F.8 Front Protection	EQ	<b>Incomplete submissions will incur a penalty.</b>
F.3.4.3 Welded Inserts	EQ	<b>RED ORANGE: NO. GROUNDS FOR REJECTION. CHECK ALL TABS.</b>
F.5.12 Bolted Members	N/A	The SES will permanently REJECT for removing any tab. Fill out a fresh copy. Locate all violations and bring the design into compliance before submitting. <b>Grounds for rejection could be considered incomplete and incur a penalty.</b>
<b>EQ</b>		<b>SKY: YES. RULES EQUIVALENCE.</b> Document is ready for review. Double check triangulation. Sheet protection must still be active when submitted, or the SES will be rejected.
		<b>YELLOW: YES. CHECK ADDITIONAL EQUIVALENCIES.</b> Some entries require additional tubes or documentation. Once these are added, document is ready for review.

mm

Units

If everything is filled out correctly, the BLANK will change to EQ as shown in the figure on the right, so be sure to check before submitting. Note: There are some exceptions.

すべてが正しく記入できていると右図のように空白がEQに変わるので、提出前に必ず確認すること。※一部例外あり

The image displays a collection of technical drawings and tables from a vehicle design manual, enclosed in a red dashed border. The drawings include structural diagrams of a vehicle chassis, top views of the driver and fuel tank area, and various tables for dimensions and specifications. The tables are labeled with 'BLANK' and contain columns for item number, description, and units. The drawings show various components like the front hoop, side impact structure, main hoop, and shoulder harness bar, with detailed annotations and dimensions.

Replace the example entries within the red frame with your own CAD data. There are frequent careless mistakes where the dimensions entered in the SES differ from those in the CAD, or where the illustrations are unclear and the dimensions are unreadable.

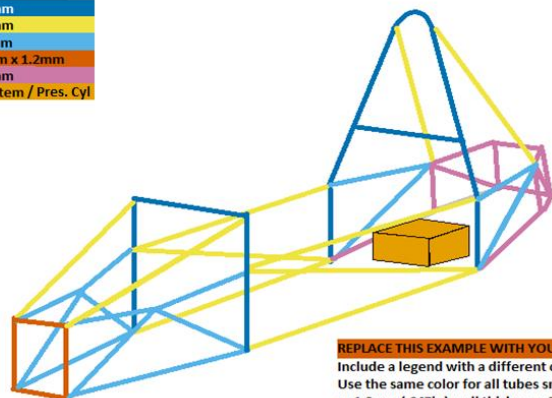
赤枠内の記載例を自身のCADに置き換えること。

SESに記入した寸法とCADの寸法が異なっていたり、

図示が不鮮明で寸法が読めないなどのケアレスミスが非常に多い。

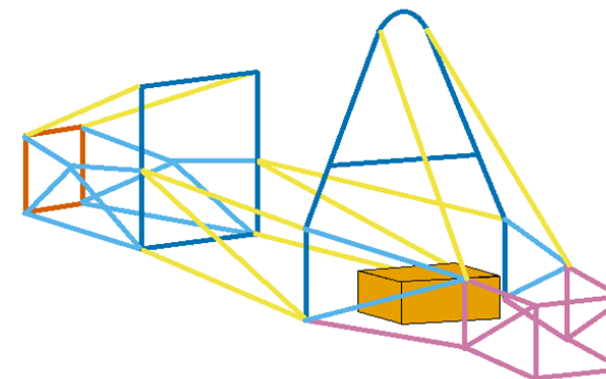


25mm x 2.5mm  
 25mm x 1.8mm  
 25mm x 1.2mm  
 25mm x 25mm x 1.2mm  
 25mm x 1.0mm  
 Fuel / HV System / Pres. Cyl



REPLACE THIS EXAMPLE WITH YOUR OWN CAD.  
 Include a legend with a different color for each tube size and style.  
 Use the same color for all tubes smaller than 25mm (1in) diameter  
 or 1.2mm (.047in) wall thickness. These are considered non-  
 structural (F.3.3.1) Consider making them semi-transparent.

25mm x 2.5mm  
 25mm x 1.8mm  
 25mm x 1.2mm  
 25mm x 25mm x 1.2mm  
 25mm x 1.0mm  
 Fuel / HV System / Pres. Cyl

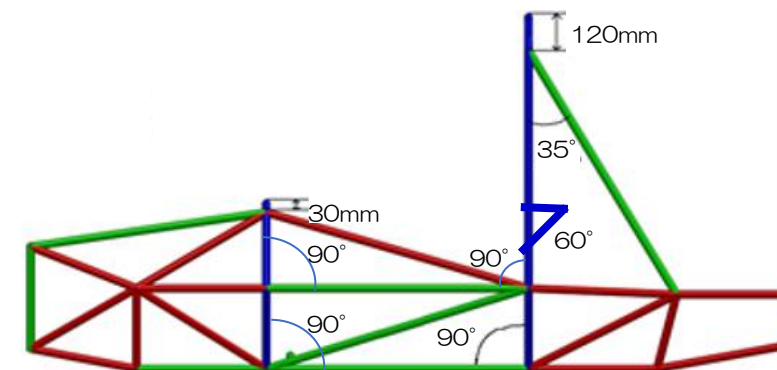


REPLACE THIS EXAMPLE WITH YOUR OWN CAD.  
 Include a legend with a different color for each tube size and style.  
 Use the same color for all tubes smaller than 25mm (1in) diameter  
 or 1.2mm (.047in) wall thickness. These are considered non-  
 structural (F.3.3.1) Consider making them semi-transparent.

1. For ICVs, illustrate the fuel tank, and for EVs, illustrate the accumulator container.
2. It is recommended that the color coding of the pipes be done in the same way as in the sample.
3. All pipes with an outer diameter of 25 mm or a wall thickness of 1.2 mm or less should be the same color.



1. ICVでは**燃料タンク**を、EVでは**Accumulator Container**を図示する
2. パイプの色分けはサンプルと同様な書き方を推奨
3. 外径25mm、又は肉厚1.2mmより小さいパイプは全て同一色とする



Example of Dimension Entry / 寸法記載例

Ensure that the dimensions entered in the SES are accurately reflected in the replaced CAD in all instances

全てにおいてSESに記載した寸法が置き換えたCADでも確認できるようにすること



University Name					BLANK
Team Name					BLANK
Competitions	May - IC	June - EV	Other - Edit	Other - Edit	EQ
Car Numbers					BLANK
Team Contact(s)					BLANK
Email Address(es)					BLANK
Faculty Advisor	Email Address	Chassis Rules	Powertrain		EQ
		Select Drop Down	Select Drop Down		BLANK



University Name	J-SAE University				EQ
Team Name	J-SAE University Reacing Team				EQ
Competitions	May - IC	June - EV	Other - Edit	Japan	EQ
Car Numbers				1000	EQ
Team Contact(s)	Taro Yamada				EQ
Email Address(es)	<a href="mailto:taroyamadajsaeeuniversity@mail.jsae.co.jp">taroyamadajsaeeuniversity@mail.jsae.co.jp</a>				EQ
Faculty Advisor	Email Address	Chassis Rules	Powertrain		EQ
Sae Suzuki	<a href="mailto:jsaeuniversity@mail.jsae.co.jp">jsaeuniversity@mail.jsae.co.jp</a>	All Steel Tube	IC - Internal Combustion		EQ



Example / 記入例

This section is prone to frequent omissions, so please be careful.

記入漏れが多発する箇所なので注意すること

## BLANK Front Hoop (FH), Steering Protection

F.5.7.2-3 The FH runs from the lowest frame member on each side. The FH may be multiple pie  
 F.5.6.2.b Front view FH bends below the Upper SIS must meet a triangulated FBHS or SIS nod  
 F.5.6.2 All FH side view bends must meet a triangulated FBHS or SIS tube end.

BLANK				
F.5.7	Front Hoop (FH)	Minimum	Tube Used	EQ
F.3.2.1.c	Example: 25mm x 2.5mm round	Size A	<input type="text"/>	BLANK
F.3.4.1.a	Wall thickness:	2	<input type="text"/> mm	BLANK
	Square side:	25	<input type="text"/> mm	BLANK
	Wall thickness:	2.0	<input type="text"/> mm	BLANK
	Square side:	25.0	<input type="text"/> mm	BLANK
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	173	<input type="text"/> mm <sup>2</sup>	BLANK
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	11320	<input type="text"/> mm <sup>4</sup>	BLANK

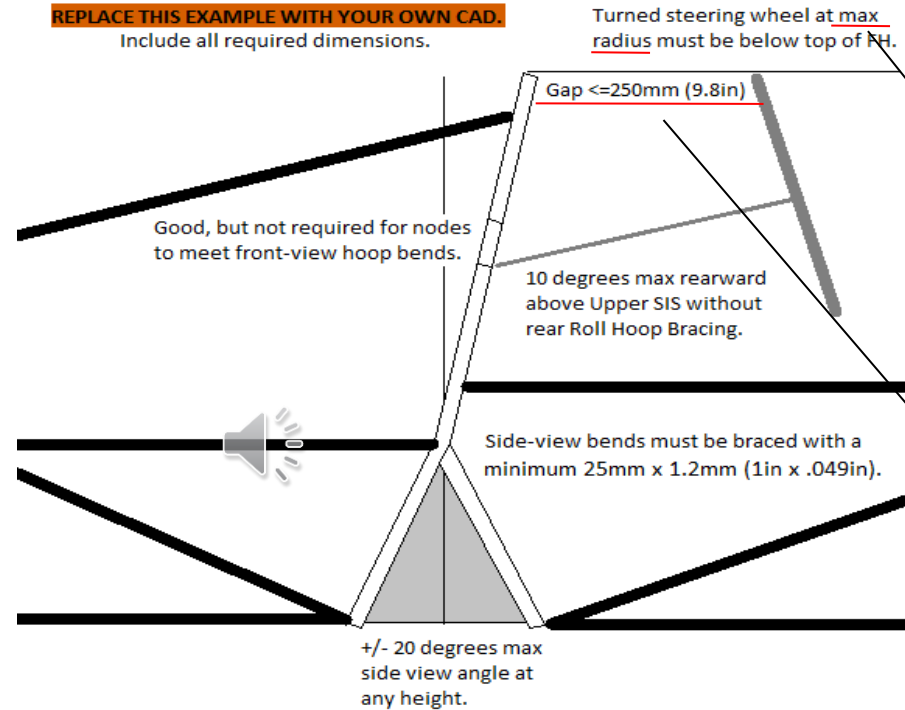
BLANK				
F.5.7.4	Turned Steering Wheel minimum below FH top:	<input type="text"/>	mm	BLANK

BLANK				
F.5.7.5	FH to Steering Wheel gap $\leq 250\text{mm}$ (9.8in)	<input type="text"/>	mm	BLANK

BLANK				
F.5.7.6	FH side angle above Upper SIS $\leq 20$ degrees:	<input type="text"/>	degrees	BLANK

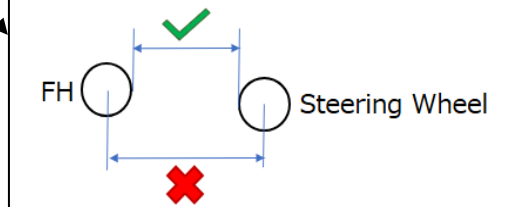
BLANK				
F.6.3.5	FH rearward lean above Upper SIS $\leq 10$ , or braced:	<input type="text"/>	degrees	BLANK
Rearward Front Hoop Brace is not required.				

REPLACE THIS EXAMPLE WITH YOUR OWN CAD.  
 Include all required dimensions.



Indicate the shape of the steering wheel. For steering wheels that are not perfectly round, measure by turning the steering wheel until the gap between the FH and the steering wheel in the height direction is the smallest.  
 ステアリングの形状を示すこと。また、真円ではないステアリングはFHとステアリングの高さ方向のギャップが最も小さくなる状態までハンドルを切った状態で測定すること

How to measure FH and Steering Wheel  
 FHとステアリングの測定方法



Do not measure the center distance  
 中心距離を測らないこと

Be sure to attach illustrations that show the measurement positions and dimensions.

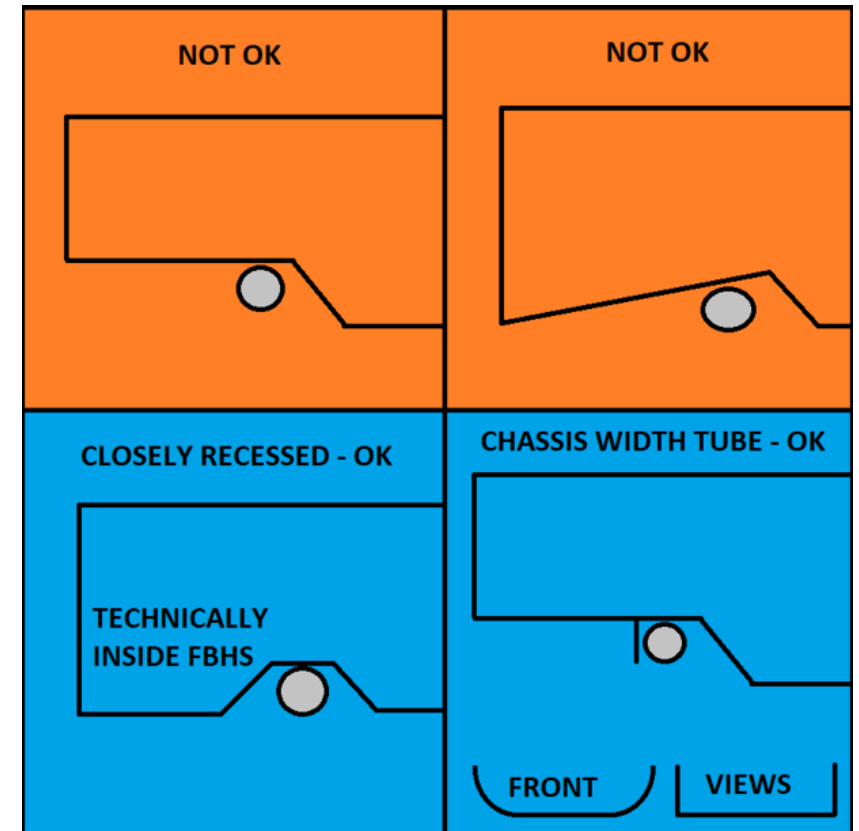
計測の位置や寸法の証明ができていないかに注意して図示を添付すること



EQ					
F.5.14	Steering rack is inside the FBHS?	Below	EQ		
	<b>Additional steering protection required Below</b>	Inside	EQ		
F.5.14	<b>Steering Protection</b>	Minimum	EQ		
F.3.2.1.n	Example: 25.4mm x 1.2mm round	Size C	BLANK		
F.3.4.1.c	Wall thickness:	1.2	BLANK		
	Square side:	25	BLANK		
	Wall thickness:	1.2	BLANK		
	Square side:	25.0	BLANK		
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	91	BLANK		
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	6695	BLANK		

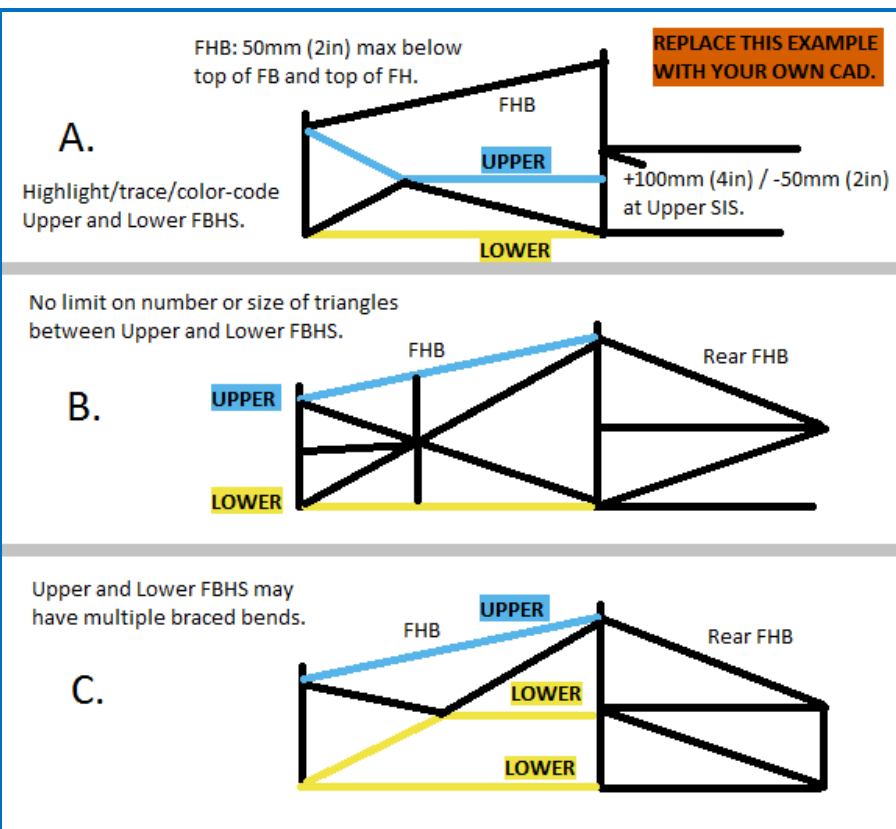
  

Illustrated example



If the steering rack is located outside the primary structure, please attach a diagram and indicate the size of the Steering Protection Tube.

ステアリングラックがプライマリストラクチャーの外側にくる場合は、ステアリング保護に使われるTubeのサイズ記入と図示を添付すること



**A:** The upper and lower parts of the FHB and FBHS are independent and connected to the SIS by a truss structure. If this is met, it is an A type.

**A :** FHB と FBHSのUpperとLowerがそれぞれ独立したトラス構造でSISに繋がってる事。これを満たせばAタイプ

**B:** The upper part of the FBHS is shared with the FHB, so a rear FHB is required! Also, the entire structure from the FBH to the rear FHB must be a truss structure. If this is met, it is a B type.

**B :** FBHSのUpperがFHBと共有していることでRear FHBが必要。またFBHからRear FHBまでは全てトラス構造で有る事。これを満たせばBタイプ

**C:** The upper FBHS is shared with the FHB, so a Rear FHB is required, and it is connected to the MH and SIS upper nodes. Also, there must be two lower FBHS, one of which is connected to the upper SES. If these are met, it is a C type.

**C :** FBHSのUpperがFHBと共有している事でRear FHBが必要かつMHとSIS Upperのノードに繋がってる事。またFBHSのLowerが2本存在し、1本はSESのUpperに繋がってる事。これを満たせばCタイプ

Choose A, B, or C that best suits your team's structure.

A, B, Cそれぞれから自チームの構造と合致するものを選択

## EQ

F.6.4.4.b	F.6.4.1	Upper Side Impact Structure (SIS)	Minimum	Straight	EQ
F.6.4.4.b	F.3.2.1.e	Example: 25.4mm x 1.6mm round	Tube Used	Round	EQ
F.3.4.1.b		Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	EQ
		Outer Diameter (OD):	25	35	mm
		Wall thickness:	1.2	1.2	mm
		Outer Diameter (OD):	25.0	35.0	mm
		Tube cross sectional area (A):	114	127	mm <sup>2</sup>
		Tube second moment of inertia (I):	8509	18220	mm <sup>4</sup>

## BLANK

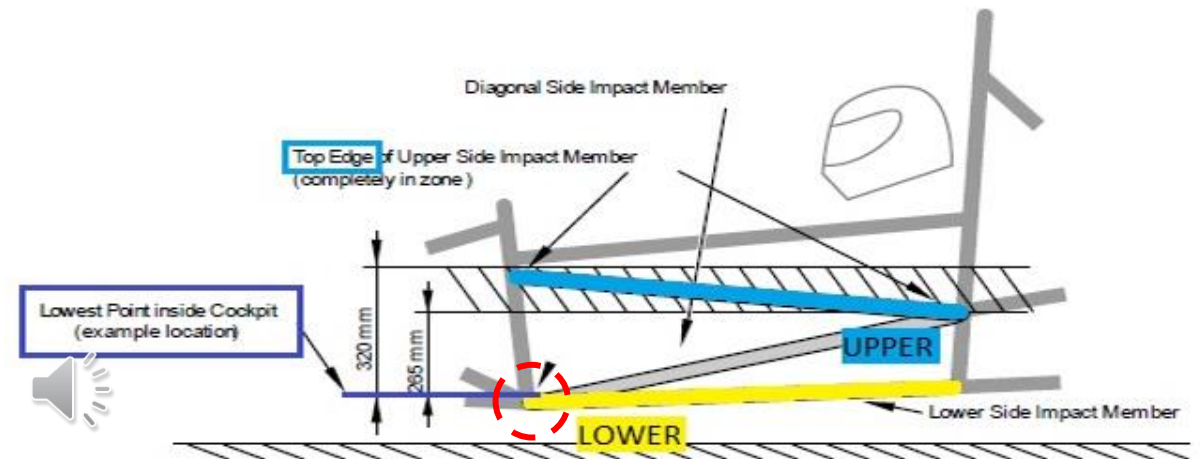
Top surface of Lower SIS to Lowest UpperSIS point $\geq 240$ mm:	mm	BLANK
Top surface of Lower SIS to Highest UpperSIS point $\leq 320$ mm:	mm	BLANK
Highest and lowest are on the top and bottom of the Upper SIS tube.	0	mm

structure.

## BLANK

F.6.4.1	Lower and Diagonal SIS	Minimum	Tube Used	EQ
F.3.2.1.e	Example: 25.4mm x 1.6mm round	Size B	Round	EQ
F.3.4.1.b	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25	mm	BLANK
	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25.0	mm	BLANK
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	114	mm <sup>2</sup>	BLANK
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	8509	mm <sup>4</sup>	BLANK

T.2.4.2 F.3.2.1.j Lap and sub belts attachments must be located on minimum Size B tubes.



Measure from the top of the Lower Tube Surface  
Lower Tube表面の上端から測定する

Be careful as it is easy to make mistakes when measuring points.

測定ポイントを間違えやすいので注意



# Main Hoop(MH), Shoulder Harness Bar(SH)

BLANK				
F.5.8.1	Main Hoop (MH)	Minimum	Tube Used	EQ
F.3.2.1.g	Example: 25mm x 2.5mm round	Size A	Round	EQ
F.3.4.1.a	Wall thickness:	2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25	mm	BLANK
	Wall thickness:	2.0	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25.0	mm	BLANK
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	173	mm <sup>2</sup>	BLANK
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	11320	mm <sup>4</sup>	BLANK

BLANK				
F.6.5	Shoulder Harness Bar (SH)	Minimum	Tube Used	EQ
F.3.2.1.k	Example: 25mm x 2.5mm round	Size A	Round	EQ
F.3.4.1.a	Wall thickness:	2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25	mm	BLANK
	Wall thickness:	2.0	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25.0	mm	BLANK
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	173	mm <sup>2</sup>	BLANK
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	11320	mm <sup>4</sup>	BLANK

Shoulder Harness Bar does not require braces.

EQ			
F.6.5.2.b	Brace angle to plane of SH side view >= 30:	degrees	N/A

F.5.2.3 The plane of a bent tube is defined by the straight axes on either side of the bend.

Shoulder Harness Bar does not require braces.

EQ				
F.6.5.1	Shoulder Harness Braces	Minimum	Tube Used	N/A
F.3.2.1.l	Example: 25.4mm x 1.2mm round	Size C	Round	N/A
F.3.4.1.c	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	N/A
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25	mm	N/A
	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	N/A
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25.0	mm	N/A
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	91	mm <sup>2</sup>	N/A
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	6695	mm <sup>4</sup>	N/A

BLANK				
F.5.8.3.a	Main Hoop direction above Upper SIS, in side view:	Vertical		EQ
	In Hoop angle from vertical above Upper SIS, in side view, <=10:	degrees		BLANK

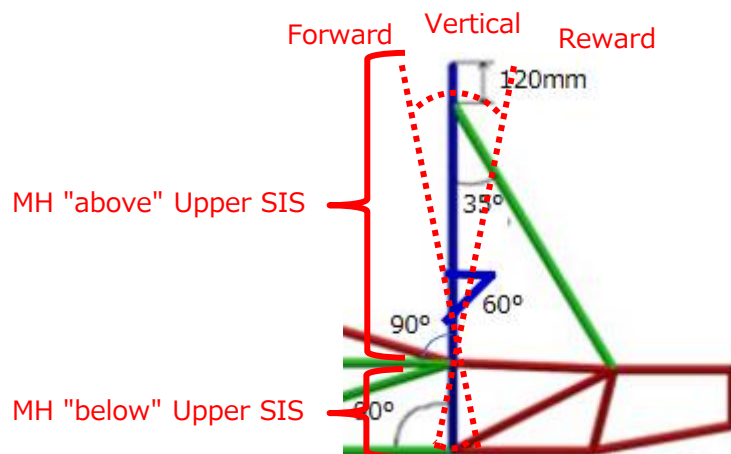
F.5.8.2 Main Hoop Braces may run forward or rearward.

BLANK				
F.5.8.3.c	Main Hoop direction below Upper SIS, in side view:	Vertical		EQ
	Main Hoop side angle from vertical below Upper SIS:	degrees		BLANK

BLANK				
F.5.8.4	Distance between Main Hoop ends, >=380mm (15")	mm		BLANK

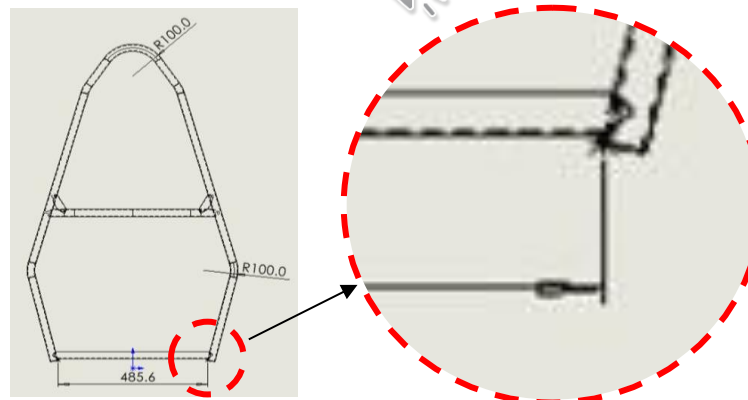
F.5.2.1 Enter the tightest bend on any T.5-6 tube in the chassis (usually in the MH or SH).

BLANK				
F.5.2.1	Minimum tube centerline radius:	mm		BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	mm		BLANK
	Minimum radius:diameter ratio, >=3:			



Be careful not to forget to select the MH tilt direction.  
MHの傾斜方向の選択を忘れやすいので注意すること

## How to measure the dimensions of the Main Hoop End



Measure the inside of the left and right tubes, not the center distance between the left and right tubes.  
左右のTUBE中心間距離ではなく左右のTUBEの内側を測ること

Show the structure of MH and SH using isometric drawings, side views, etc.  
アイソメ図や側面視等を使って、MHやSHの構造と寸法を示すこと。



# Main Hoop Braces (MHB), Main Hoop Brace Supports (MHBS)

Main Hoop Braces may run forward or rearward.

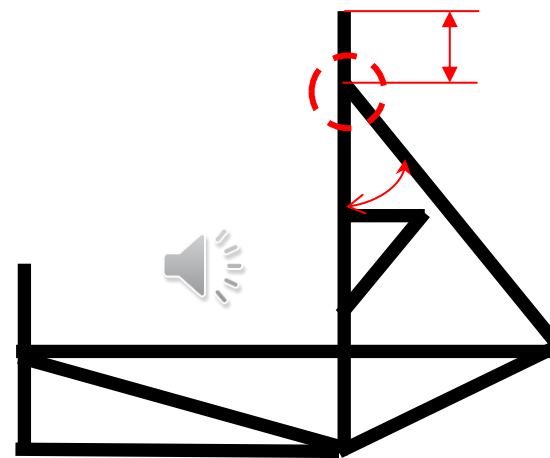
BLANK			
F.5.9.2	Main Hoop brace direction:	Rearward	EQ
F.5.9.5	Angle between MH and MHB $\geq 30$ degrees:		BLANK

BLANK			
F.5.9.4	Top of MH of MHB tube, 160mm vertical limit:		BLANK

BLANK				
F.5.9.1	<b>Main Hoop Brace (MHB)</b>	<b>Minimum</b>	<b>Tube Used</b>	EQ
F.3.2.1.h	Example: 25.4mm x 1.6mm round	Size B	Round	EQ
F.3.4.1.b	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25	mm	BLANK
	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25.0	mm	BLANK
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	114	mm <sup>2</sup>	BLANK
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	8509	mm <sup>4</sup>	BLANK

BLANK				
F.6.6	<b>Main Hoop Brace Support (MHBS)</b>	<b>Minimum</b>	<b>Tube Used</b>	EQ
F.3.2.1.i	Example: 25.4mm x 1.2mm round	Size C	Round	EQ
F.3.4.1.c	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25	mm	BLANK
	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter (OD):	25.0	mm	BLANK
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	91	mm <sup>2</sup>	BLANK
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	6695	mm <sup>4</sup>	BLANK

## How to measure from MH top to MHB node

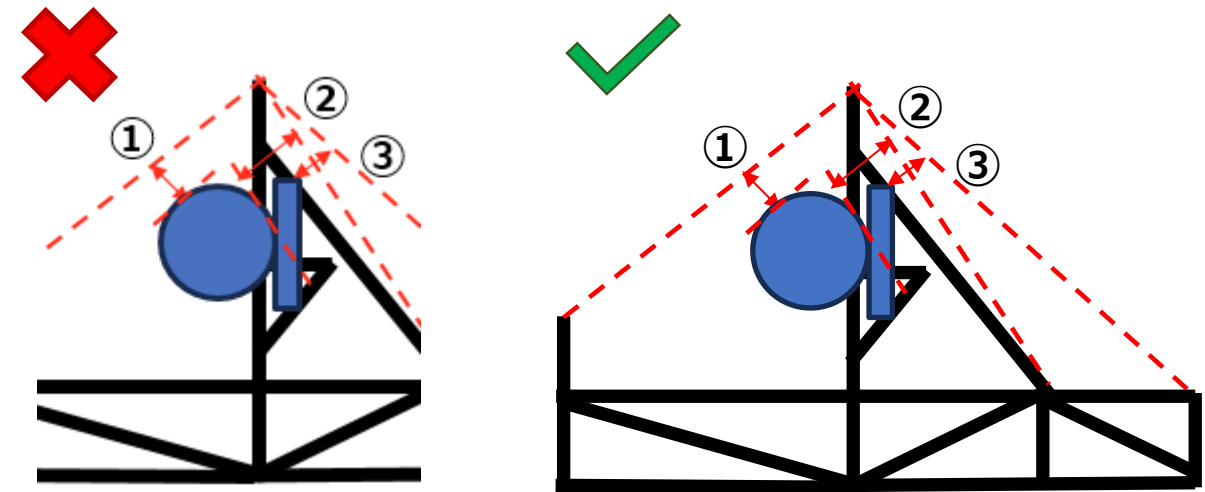


Measure from the top of the tube, not the center.  
Tube中心ではなく、チューブの頂点から計測すること

Pay attention to the measurement points

測定ポイントに注意すること

BLANK				
F.5.6.3.a	Helmet $\geq 50\text{mm}$ (2in) below Roll Hoop plane:	<input type="text"/>	mm	① BLANK
BLANK				
F.5.6.3.bc	Main Hoop Braces protecting Helmet:	Rearward		EQ
F.5.6.3.bc	Helmet $\geq 50\text{mm}$ (2in) below MH to bottom of MHB:	<input type="text"/>	mm	② BLANK
BLANK				
T.2.8.3	Head Restraint $\geq 0$ from rollover envelope:	<input type="text"/>	mm	③ BLANK
F.5.10	Head Restraint Protection Hoop Used?	<input type="text"/>		BLANK
F.3.2.1.h	Example: 25.4mm x 1.6mm round	Size B		N/A
F.3.4.1.b	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	N/A
	Square side:	25	mm	N/A
	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm	N/A
	Square side:	25.0	mm	N/A
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	114	mm <sup>2</sup>	N/A
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	8509	mm <sup>4</sup>	N/A



All measurement points should be shown in a diagram.  
測定点がすべて見えるように図示で示すこと

Please note that the measurement points on the helmet and headrest will vary depending on the structure.

構造によってヘルメットとヘッドレストの測定箇所が変わるので注意すること

Strongly preferred: Locating the fuel fill tube on the opposite side of the exhaust.

F.9.1.2 Every part of the fuel system must be above the bottom tubes of the chassis.

BLANK		
	T.9.2.1	BLANK
	T.5.5.4	BLANK
	F.6.5.3	BLANK
	F.9.2	BLANK
	F.9.1.1.	BLANK
	T.6.1.6	BLANK
	T.6.1.7	BLANK

Make sure all items are set to "EQ".  
全ての項目が「EQ」となるように記入すること

- Select EQ for all items. There is no need to select items marked "N/A" for EV.
- It is assumed that the design of fuel tanks and high-pressure gas cylinders is not complete at the time of creating the SES, so **these questionnaire items are not subject to review in the SES.**

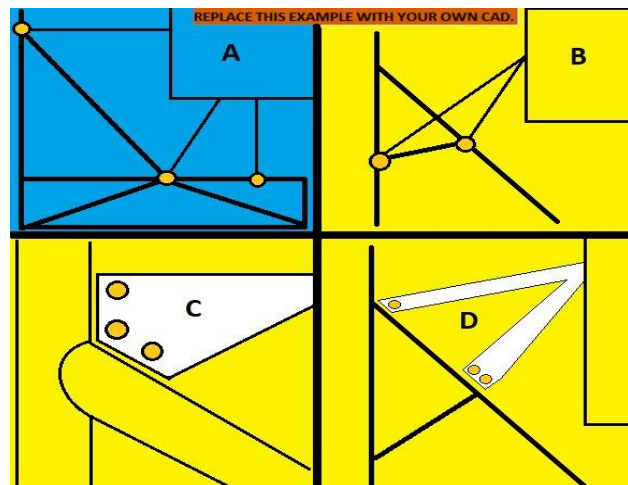
- すべての項目に対して、EQとなるように選択すること。EVで“N/A”の項目は選択不要。
- SES作成時点では燃料タンクや高圧ガスシリンダの設計は未完了と想定し、**これらの問診項目は、SESでは審査対象外とする。**

# Rear Wing Mount

BLANK			
F.5.11	Rear Wing chassis mounting locations:	<input type="text" value="BLANK"/>	N/A
	Number of fasteners per chassis mount for:	No rear wing.	N/A
F.5.11.2.b	Wing Mount Braces	Wing not mounted to MHB or MH.	N/A
F.3.2.1.o	Example: 25.4mm x 1.2mm round	Wing mounted to MHB nodes.	N/A
F.3.4.1.c	Wall thickness:	Mounted on MHB with Brace.	N/A
	Square side:		N/A
	Wall thickness:	1.2	mm N/A
	Square side:	25.0	mm N/A
	Tube cross sectional area (A):	91	mm <sup>2</sup> N/A
	Tube second moment of inertia (I):	6695	mm <sup>4</sup> N/A
F.5.11.2.b	Calculation of buckling strength of MHB tube.		N/A
F.3.4.2	Yield Strength (Sy):	3.05E+08	Pa N/A
	Main Hoop Brace Outer Diameter (OD):	25.4	mm N/A
	Main Hoop Brace second moment of inertia (I):	8509	mm <sup>4</sup> N/A
	Main Hoop Brace Length (Main Hoop to MHBS) (L):	<input type="text"/>	mm N/A
	Braced Wing Mount distance to closest MHB end (a):	<input type="text"/>	mm N/A
	MHB Max Bending Load $(S_y * I) / (a * (L-a) * OD / 2)$ :	<input type="text"/>	N N/A
	Rear Wing Mount Limit:	<input type="text"/>	N/A
		<input type="text"/>	N/A
		0.00	N/A

Please enter the dimensions shown in the red box.

赤枠内は右記の寸法を記入すること



## F.5.11 Approaches to wing detachment.

- A STRONGLY PREFERRED**  
Single fastener at each node, rotationally free.  
No failure force required.  
Mounts rearward of the MHB assembly are completely unrestricted
- B NOT RECOMMENDED - ILLEGAL IN AUSTRALIA**  
Mounts in the middle of the MHB or MH require a brace between the two.  
All fasteners or mounts on a side must fail simultaneously below the MHB buckling force.
- C NOT RECOMMENDED - GUSSET MAY BE REQUIRED**  
Multiple fasteners within 1x outer diameter of the node.  
All but one fastener must fail simultaneously below the MHB buckling force.
- D NOT RECOMMENDED - ILLEGAL IN AUSTRALIA**  
Multiple fasteners along the MHB.  
Brace required between MH and MHB at rearmost fastener.  
All fasteners not located at the MH-MHB node must fail simultaneously below the MHB buckling

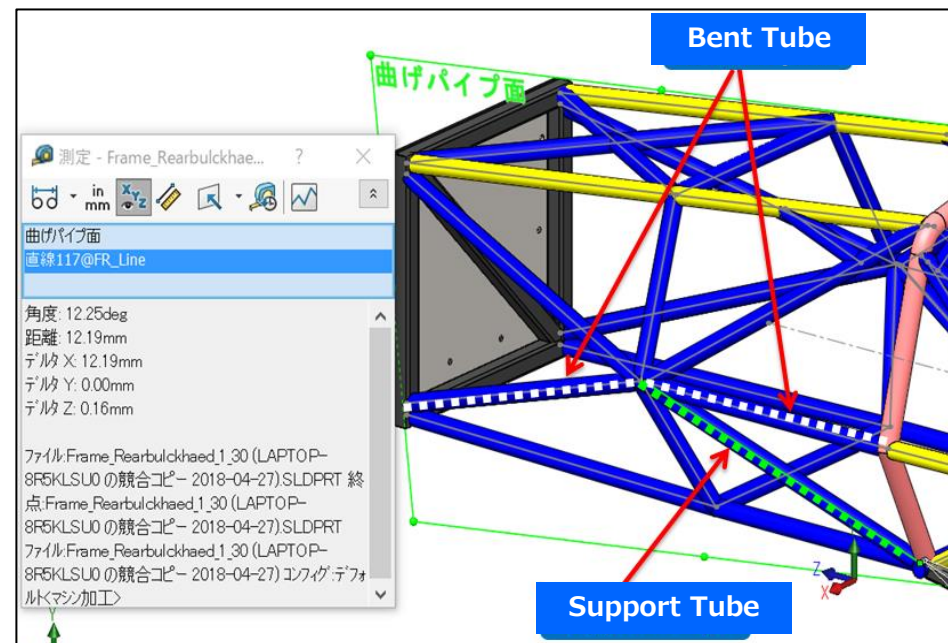
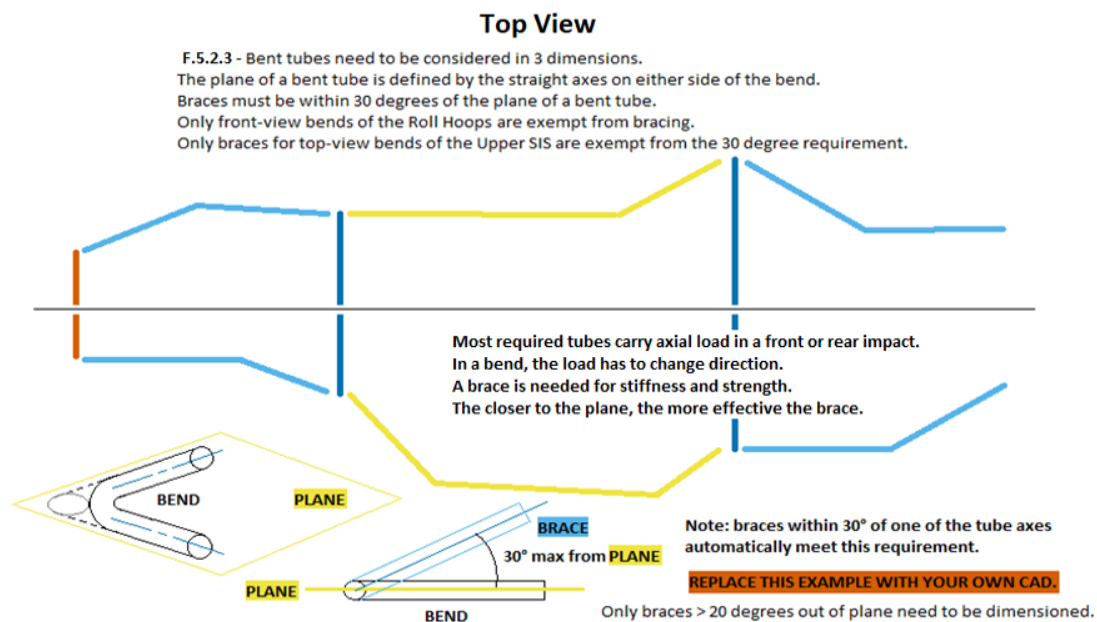


A is strongly recommended, but if any other structure is used, proof that the fastener will break before the MHB buckles is required.

Aを強く推奨しますが、その他の構造を採用する場合はMHBが座屈する前にファスナーが破断することの証明を要求します。

The position of the Rear Wing Mounting must be clearly indicated with a diagram as shown in the reference diagram.

参考図のようにマウントの位置を明確に図で示すこと

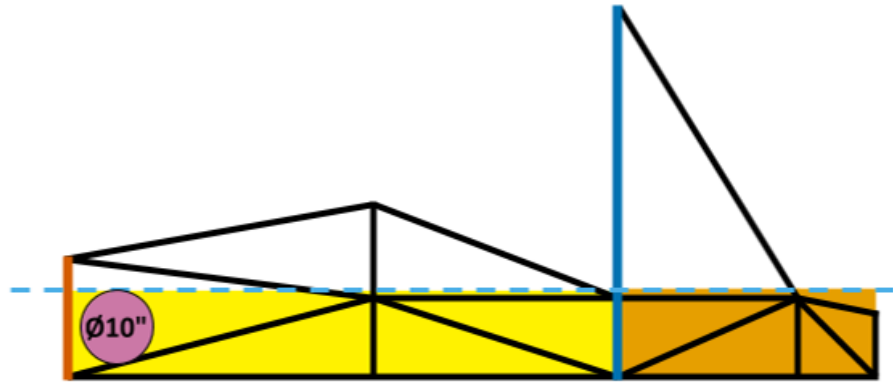


Illustrated example / 図示例

When using bent pipes, support pipes are required. The relative positions of the bent pipes and support pipes must be illustrated as shown in the Illustrated example so that the angle between the surface of the bent pipe and the support pipe is 30 degrees or less.

曲げパイプを使用する場合は、サポートパイプが必要。曲げパイプがなす面とサポートパイプの角度が30度以下であることを、参考図のように曲げパイプとサポートパイプの位置関係を図示すること。





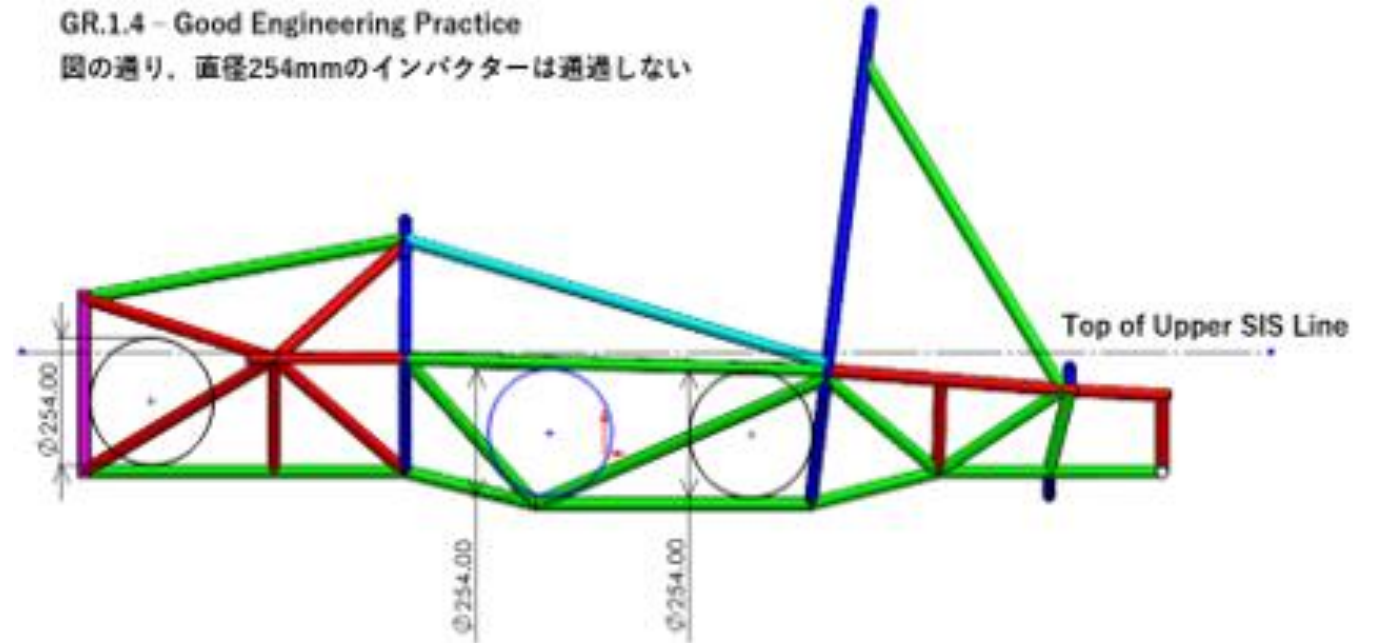
No openings in the region below upper SIS height between the front bulkhead and main roll hoop, or between any tubes used for Fuel, HV, or component protection may allow a 254mm (10in) diameter impactor to pass through.

The impactor will be held vertically and seek to intrude into the frame horizontally between the ground and the maximum upper SIS height per rule F.6.4.4.

The top of the impactor will not be raised above the maximum upper SIS Height per rule F.6.4.4.

Any non-structural tubes per F.3.3 will be ignored.

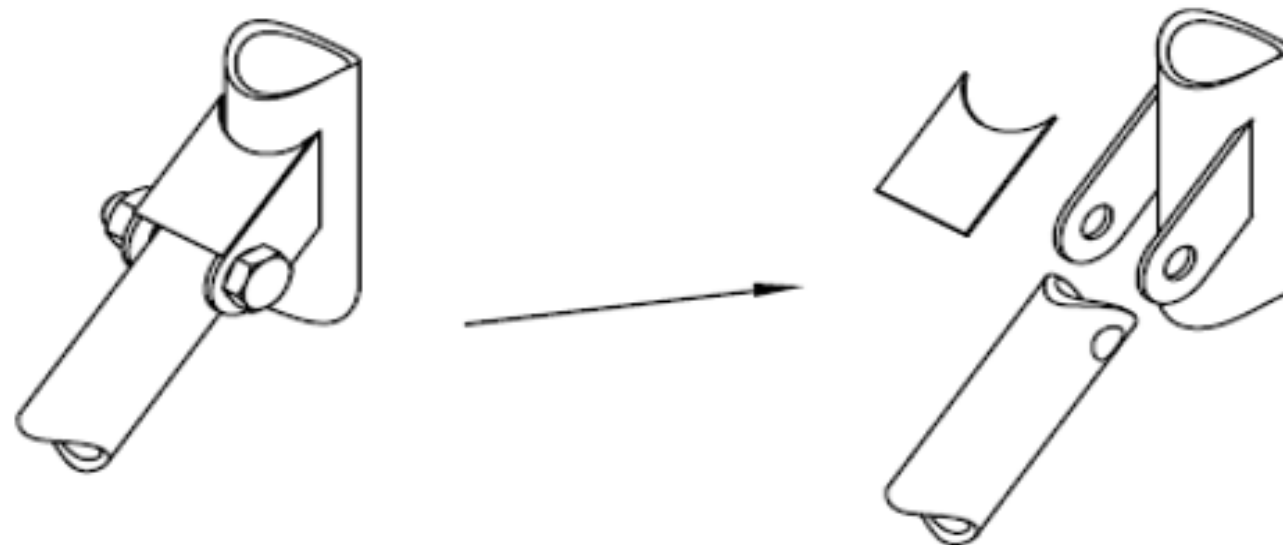
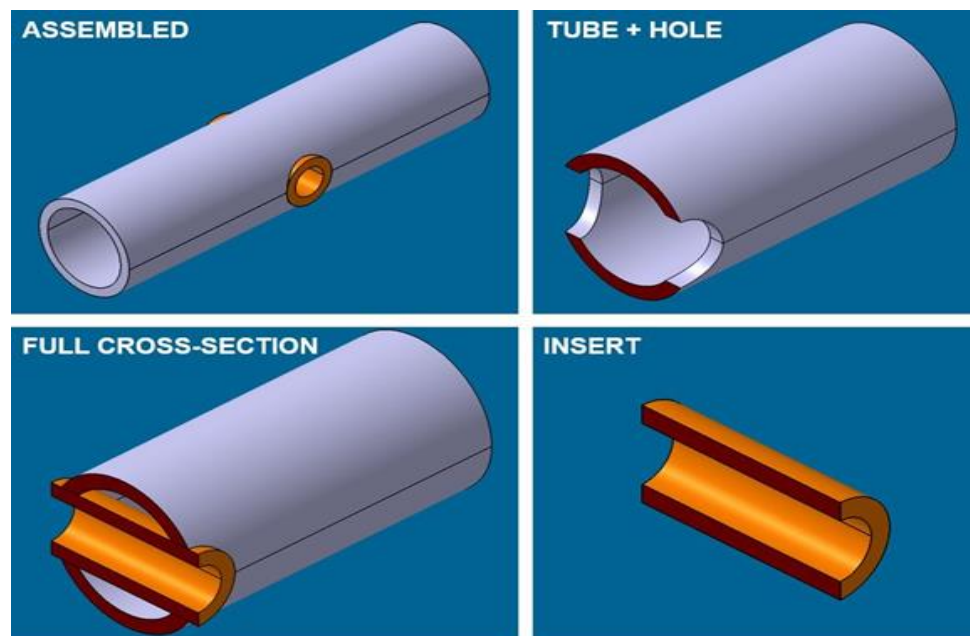
GR.1.4 – Good Engineering Practice  
図の通り、直径254mmのインパクトターは通過しない



As shown in the reference diagram, the frame opening must not exceed 254 mm (10 inches).  
参考図のようにフレームの開口が254mm(10inch)を超えないことを図示すること

# SES Guidance (Structural Equivalency Spreadsheet) (等価構造計算書)

F.3.4.3 Welded Inserts  
F.5.12 Bolted members



# Welded Insert

Note: Young's Modulus is given in MPa, not Gpa.

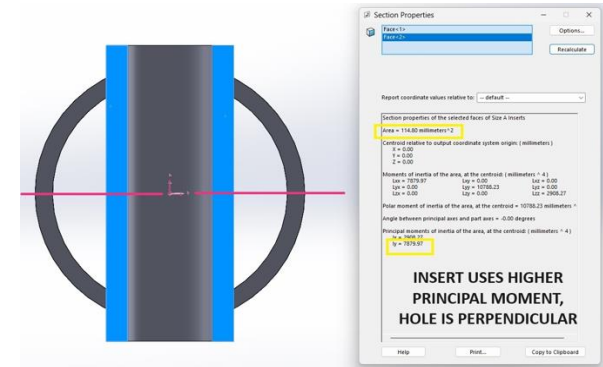
BLANK		Minimum	Tube With Hole	
		F.3.2.1	+	
		Tube	Insert	
	Material:	Steel	Steel	EQ
	Original tube:	Size A	Round	EQ
F.3.4.1	Wall thickness:	2	mm	BLANK
	Outer Diameter:	25	mm	BLANK
	Tube cross sectional area (A_1):	1.73E+02	mm <sup>2</sup>	EQ
	Tube second moment of inertia (I_1):	1.13E+04	mm <sup>4</sup>	EQ
F.3.4.3	Tube with Hole cross sectional area (A_3):		mm <sup>2</sup>	BLANK
	Tube with Hole second moment of inertia (I_3):		mm <sup>4</sup>	BLANK
	Insert/Collar cross sectional area (A_2):		mm <sup>2</sup>	BLANK
	Insert/Collar second moment of inertia (I_2):		mm <sup>4</sup>	BLANK
F.3.4.2	F.3.5.3	Young's Modulus (E):	2.00E+11 Pa	EQ
		Unwelded Yield Strength (Sy):	3.05E+08 Pa	EQ
		Unwelded Ultimate Strength (Su):	3.65E+08 Pa	EQ
		Welded Yield Strength (Sy):	N/A 1.80E+08 Pa	EQ
		Welded Ultimate Strength (Su):	N/A 3.00E+08 Pa	EQ
<b>Buckling Modulus</b>		$E_1 * I_1 \leq E_2 * I_2 + E_1 * I_3$		BLANK
	<b>Yield</b>	$Sy_1 * A_1 \leq Sy_2 * A_2 + Sy_1 * A_3$		BLANK
	<b>Ultimate</b>	$Su_1 * A_1 \leq Su_2 * A_2 + Su_1 * A_3$		BLANK
	<b>Bending</b>	$I * Su_1 * I_1 / r \leq 4 * (Su_2 * I_2 + Su_1 * I_3) / r$		BLANK
	<b>Deflection</b>	Bending_1 / (48 * EI):		BLANK
	<b>Energy</b>	0.5 * Bending^2 / (48 * EI):		BLANK

Tube with Hole cross section  
穴あけパイプ断面

Tube with Hole second moment of inertia  
穴あけパイプ断面2次モーメント

Insert/Collar Cross Section Area  
インサートパイプ断面積

Insert/Collar second moment of inertia  
インサートパイプ断面2次モーメント

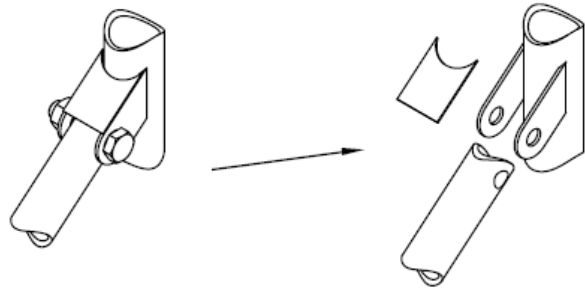


Note : Drilled tubes and insert pipes have different strengths that are applied in the calculation.  
穴がけられたパイプとインサートでは、計算に適応される強度が変わるので注意

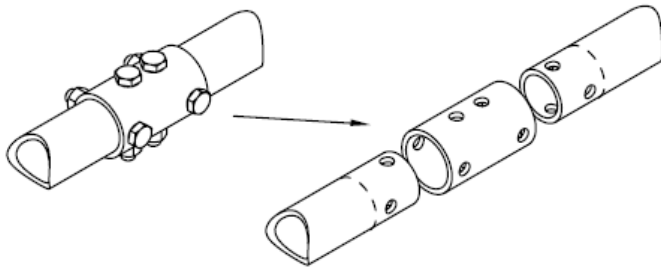
Enter the total moment of inertia of the drilling tube and the insert tube, and the smaller value in either the X or Y direction.  
穴あけされたパイプとインサートの合計の断面二次モーメントかつX方向とY方向いずれかの小さい値を記入すること。

REPLACE THIS EXAMPLE WITH YOUR OWN CAD

**Figure – Double Lug Joint**

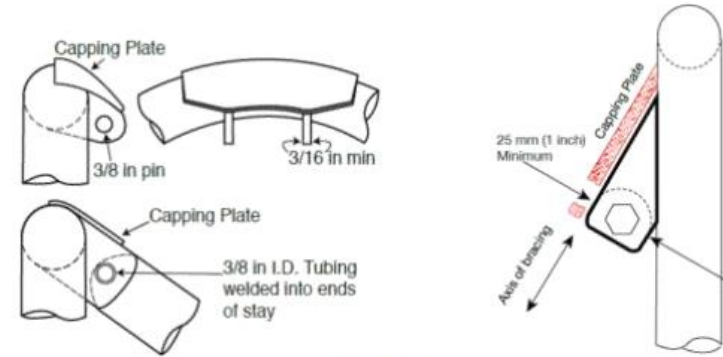


**Figure – Sleeved Butt Joint**

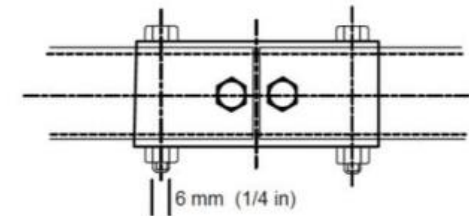


REPLACE THIS EXAMPLE WITH YOUR OWN CAD

**Figure – Double Lug Joint**



**Figure – Sleeved Butt Joint**



When connecting the Main Hoop Brace with a bolt, follow the legend above to prove that the rigidity is equal to or greater than that of a single tube.

Main Hoop Brace を Bolt 接続する場合、上記の凡例に従い、一本のパイプと同等以上の剛性が保たれていることを証明すること。